

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) Method of selecting seeds from a set of key images of a video sequence for the grouping of key images of prevalent shots of the video sequence for use in interactive navigation of the video sequence, comprising the following steps :

- random drawing of p candidates from the set of key images by automatically extracting shots of interest, p being calculated ~~in such a way as to~~ increase the ~~obtain a very good~~ probability of drawing a key image of a prevalent shot,

- calculation of ~~the~~ a cost C for each candidate, dependent on the distance from the key images of the set to that of the candidate, the distance relating to ~~the~~ signatures,

- selection of the candidate ~~(k_1)~~ minimizing the cost C ,

- determination of a subset ~~(H_k)~~ from among the set of key images such that the key images forming the said subset have a distance from the candidate less than a threshold T ,

- determination of a seed ~~(k_2)~~ from among the key images of the subset ~~(H_k)~~ such that it minimizes the cost function C for this subset,

- deletion of the key images of the subset ~~(H_k)~~ to form a new set of key images for at least one new random draw and determination of a new seed according to the previous 5 steps in order to refine the grouping of key images to those of interest for the interactive navigation of the video sequence.

2. (Cancelled)

3. (Previously Presented) Method according to Claim 1, wherein the key images are weighted, as regards their signature, as a function of the length of the shots of the video sequence that they characterize and in that the random draw is biased by the weight of the key images.

4. (Currently Amended) Method according to Claim 1, wherein the cost C is dependent on the quadratic distances between the signature of the candidate and those of the key images of the subset and in that T is the standard deviation of the distribution of the distances of the key images of the set from the candidate.

dependent on the distribution of the distances of the key images of the set from the ~~candidate~~, candidate.

5. (Previously Presented) Method according to Claim 1, wherein the signature of an image relates to the dominant colour.

6. (Previously Presented) Method of grouping (clustering) shots of a sequence of video images, the sequence being split into shots, a shot being represented by one or more key images, at least one signature or attribute being calculated for the key images, comprising a phase of partitioning the key images on the basis of a comparison of the attributes of the key images, comprising a phase of initialization for the selection of at least two key images or seeds on the basis of which the comparisons for the grouping are performed, the selection being performed according to the method of Claim 1.

7. (Previously Presented) Method according to Claim 6, wherein the partitioning phase implements an algorithm of the K-means or K-medoid type.

8. (Previously Presented) Method according to Claim 6, wherein the initialization and partitioning phases are iteratively repeated, the key images of the most compact cluster obtained in the previous iteration being eliminated from the set processed at this previous iteration so as to provide a new set on which the new iteration is performed.

9. (Previously Presented) Method according to Claim 8, wherein the stopping criterion for the iterations is dependent on the number of key images not belonging to the most compact cluster selected or else is dependent on the averages of the intra-cluster distances.

10. (Previously Presented) Method of selecting shots of interest, these shots being prevalent in the video sequence, implementing the method according to Claim 6, the shots of interest corresponding to the grouping performed about the first seed selected.